THE CAPITAL

Important Congressional Proceedings Yesterday.

Mew Conditions Introduced by Senator Stewart for the Admission of the Southern Representatives.

Their States to Give the Negroes All Civil Rights and the Privilege of Voting.

The Northern States Requested to Follow Snit.

Passage by the Senate of the Defciency Appropriation Bill.

New York Dressmakers Petitioning for Reduction of Their Taxes.

Extended Debate in the House on the Loan Bill.

Defeat of the Measure by a Majority of Two.

Message from the President on the Alleged Sale of American Freedmen in Cuba.

Voluminous Correspondence, but Lack of Evidence to Sustain the Charges.

Beception by the President of the Belgian Envoy.

Over Forty Thousand Colored Troops Shortly to be Mustered Out.

THE ALLEGED KIDNAPPING OF COLORED PERSONS

uary 17, 1866, informs the State Department that after ons likely to be informed, he has not been able to learn given to the Department in regard to the kidnapping of aegrees who have left the southern coast of the United States and arrived at that island in vessels laden with that he shall continue his investigations, and communi-case promptly to the Department whatever he may learn. He states that in 1864 a Mrs. Whittemore arrived at Mavana from New Orleans, bringing with her a colored girl about twelve years of age, held as a sinve when she left the latter piace, Mrs. Whittemore repreing that she would remain on the island a few weeks she girl was brought to Matanzas and sold. A statement was made to the authorities, from which it is seen that the girl had been decided to be free in fact and by right, and placed at the disportition of the Consulate. The Governor of Matanzas permits this girl to remain in the care of a private family until an opportunity shall offer

for her return to her native land.

William T. Minor, United States Consul at Havana,
writes to the State Department that upon the receipt of
the first despatch he instituted inquiries, and up to February 19, 1866, he had not been able to find anything to on vessels large or small, laden with cotton or other pro-ducts, and left on the island. He says he has no doubt their slaves during the past year. Seven of these have been reclaimed through the Consulate, four of whom have been sent to the United States and the other three are waiting for an opportunity to be sent to New Orleans, The Consul believes that such facts as these gave rise to

ENVOY PROM THE EING OF BELGIUM OFFICIAL NO-TIFICATION OF THE DEATH OF KING LEOPOLD I. Baron Aleinor Beaulion, Envoy Extraordinary and Minuter Pienipotentiary of his Majacty the King of Belgium, was to-day introduced to the President by the Secretary of State, and delivered letters from his soverign announcing the decease of Leopold I and the

secretary of State, and delivered letters from his sever ign announcing the decease of Leopoid I, and the accession of Leopoid II, to the throne. The Baron made the following remarks on the occasion:

Mr. Prisident—I have toon entrusted by the King, my severeign, with the mission of notifying your Exception of the dash of his venerated taker, and of his own accession to the throne of Beigium. The late Ling winced on many occasions the true interest he look in the country of the death of his venerated taker, and of his own accession to the throne of Beigium. The late Ling winced on many occasions the true interest he look in the late Ling winced on many occasions the true interest he look in the late of your country. His successor, King Leopoid a chertain the same sentiments. He is a suncreased additional of your country. His successor, King Leopoid and a fine of the late of late of

To which the President replied as follows

n the next few days about three thousand

ments as can best spare them.

from the practice of his profession by the Supren Court of the State, because he would not take the oat The judgment in Dr. Cummings' case having been affirmed by the Supreme Court of Missouri, both cases were brought up on a writ of error to the Supreme Court of the United States.

THE TAX ON SAVINGS BANKS.

terday sent to the Senate for confirmation as Ministe

ILLNESS OF SENATOR FOOT.
Senator Foot's continued illness has finally alarmed

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

PETITION FOR EQUAL RIGHTS.

Mr. Wann, (rep.) of Ohio, presented a petition for equal rights and the abolition of all distinctions on ac-

President of the United States by the popular vote.

TAX ON THE DRABNAKARNET STATES POPULAR

Mr. Schwar, (rep.) of Mass, presented the petition of the dressmakers of New York and Brooklyn, complaining of the injustice of the tax upon their business, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

RECAL BIGHTS—BEACTON OF PRIMITIEST BY THE POPULAR VOTE.

Mr. Schwar also presented two other petitions—one for equal rights and one for a provision for the election of President of the United States by the popular vote.

TAX OR BAILROAD ROSS.

Mr. NORTON, (rep.) of Minn., presented a memorial for a modification of the tax on railroad fron, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

(LAIN OF THE RESTUCKT HOME GLASS.)

Mr. GUTNINIK, (dem.) of Ky., presented a claim for services rendered by five regiments of Kentucky Home Guards, called into the service on the occasion of General Morgan's retreat from Camberland Cap, which was referred to the Military Committee.

On motion of Mr. Chardeles, (rep.) of Mich., Thursday

ferred to the Millary Committee.

A DAY DON THE CUMPREATION OF SILE PRONTHE COMMERCE.

On motion of Mr. CLANDLEE, (rep.) of Mich., Thursday next was set apart for the consideration of bills from the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Wilson, (rep.) of Mass., introduced a joint resolution providing that the act entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts relating to pensions, approved March 3, 1885," shall not hereafter be so construed as to deprive invalid pensioners or the widows or hoirs of any persons who have served in the army or naxy durin, the late war of the pension to which they are entitled by reason of holding any office under the government; provided that the compensation received from the United States as pay or salary does not exceed eight hundred doising per annum. Referred to the Committee on Pensions.

MEDICAL AND LIBERTAL HISTORY OF THE REPUBLICAL MR CURPOLL AND CHARLES OF THE REPUBLICAL COMMITTEE OF THE REPUBLICATION OF THE REPUBLICAL COMMITTEE OF THE REPUBLICATION OF THE REPU

Nr. Wisses introduced a joint resolution appropriating \$50,000 for the publication of the Medical and Jurgosl History of the War of the Rebellion. Referred to the Committee on Printing.

The Markin, (rep.) of N. Y. From the Committee on the Judiciary, reported back with commitments the bill to reorganize the judiciary of the United States: A number of the amendments are in the form of adultional sections according to the body of the bill.

Section six provides that executions may be issued out of any District Court to collect any judgment or decree in the Carcuit Court for such district, with the same effect as such executions are, now be issued out of the Circuit Court.

Section twelve provides that to render an appeal from the District Court to the Orecuit Court effective for any purpose, a bond shall be executed on behalf of the appealiant, to the effect that the appealiant will pay all costs and damages which may be awarded squainst him on the appeal of the court of the modey, it shall not stay the execution unless a bond is given that if the appeal of district court of the pudgment shall be paid. Such bonds shall be of no effect unless the overties make afficially it is a such district. In other words, a stay of execution may be granted upon such terms as any judge of the court may prace be.

Section thereen provides that cases pending in any circuit court on the said lat day of September upon an appeal origin to error shall be transferred to the proper court of appeals, and shall be beard and determined by such court day conting to the provisions of this set. In the original bill "July" is stricken out wherever it occurs and "September" in the amount claimed or the value of the property in controversy expects \$600, and in cases where the district place and shall be beard and desermined by such court day the said late and shall be intendered to the property in controversy expects \$600, and in cases where the district place and the appeals the little place has a provision of this set. In

taken within ninety days after the entry of the judgment or decree sought to be reversed."

A great number of verbal and minor amendments were also reported.

SALARIES OF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGES.
Mr. POLADA, (rep., of Vt., introduced a bill to fix the salaries of the District Judges of the United States,

Control of the control of the property of the control of the contr

Mr. Waxyworze—I believe he can; therefore I shall vote for the bill.

Mr. Pravise.—My friend from Hillhols is honest, and has taith like two grains of mustard seed. (Laughter.) Mr. Waryworze.—I have followed you on the nigger question. (Shouts of laughter.) Mr. Everaus.—And I shall be very glad to follow my friend from Hillhols.

Mr. Waryworze.—I don't want you to follow me: I want dollar for dollar. Will you give us specie payment? Mr. Hisrayse.—I have said that I would if I could. Mr. Waryworze.—Well, Mr. McCulloch will do it. Mr. Spravens.—I will not go for giving any man the power contained in this bill. I would hardly entrust it to my friend Wentworth himself.

Mr. Waryworze.—Well, Mr. mated you on the negro question, and I want pout to trust me on finance. Flay fair. (Laughter.)

The some between Messrs Sievens and Wentworth was greatly enjoyed by the Rouse Few members were in their seate, but were standing in the area and in the hidses, in the vicinity of the two principal actors, applieding and encouraging them. The bour of half past four having arrived, the House book a precess till half past seven P. M.

EVENING SERSION

planding and encouraging them. The hour of half past four having arrived, the House took a recess till half past seven P. M.

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Mr. SCHENCE, (rep.) of Ohio, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported back, with a substitute, the bill for the establishment and reorganization of the army of the United States, and asked that it be endered to be printed and recommitted. It was so ordered.
The Sensio bill on the same subject was taken from the Speaker's table, read twice and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.
One thousand extra copies of each bill were ordered to be printed.

REFERENT TAKE OF THE DISCHARD STATES OF THE SENSION OF THE PAST OF THE SENSION OF THE SEN

ministeners of Frederick county, Md. for require of bridges over the Monocacep river destroyed by Major General Lewis Wallace, and it was referred to the Countilities on Claims.

Mr. Prick introduced a joint resolution for the relief of Union soldiers now in press in the United States for minor offences, which was read twice and referred to the Countilities in Military Affairs.

Astleton Captures of the pressure ministroy.

Mr. Wannithus, (rep.) of II, presented a communication from the State Department, in reference to the relief of some partner who had furnished substanging to malion captured by the pirate Shemandical. Referred to the Committee on Communers.

As was a variour areas the Committee of Commerce, reported back adversely a bill making an appropriation for a Custom House and warshouse in Jercey City, and a bill to provide for the contribution of a custom house, post office and court feeting at the city of Carro. Illinois. Laid on the table and, with the reports, ordered to be printed.

The House resourced the consideration of the Loan bill. Hr. Garrian adversed to the printed.

The House resourced the consideration of the Loan bill. Hr. Garrian afteressed the House in alwaysary of the bill. He mad there were two featinger of ohe function of the Loan bill. Hr. Garrian afteressed the House in alwaysary of the bill. He mad there were two featinger of ohe Loan bill. Hr. Garrian afteressed the House in alwaysary from the foliation of the Loan bill. Hr. Garrian after sealing since the var went greater than they were during the way. The next the freezes to the handard of value, or corrects. Defined they were during the way. The was a time with freezes to the handard of value, or corrects. Defined they were during the way. The was a time with fine freezes to the handard of value, or corrects. Defined they were during the way. The was a time with fine they were during the way. The was a time with fine they were during the way. The was a time with the respect to the value of the Frankry Department for payment